



AgHeritage Farm Credit Services, ACA

Quarterly Report
March 31, 2021

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The following commentary reviews the consolidated financial condition and consolidated results of operations of AgHeritage Farm Credit Services, ACA and its subsidiaries, AgHeritage Farm Credit Services, FLCA and AgHeritage Farm Credit Services, PCA. This discussion should be read in conjunction with both the unaudited consolidated financial information and related notes included in this Quarterly Report as well as Management's Discussion and Analysis included in our Annual Report for the year ended December 31, 2020 (2020 Annual Report).

Due to the nature of our financial relationship with AgriBank, FCB (AgriBank), the financial condition and results of operations of AgriBank materially impact our members' investment. To request free copies of AgriBank financial reports or additional copies of our report, contact us at:

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FORWARD-LOOKING INFORMATION

Any forward-looking statements in this Quarterly Report are based on current expectations and are subject to uncertainty and changes in circumstances. Actual results may differ materially from expectations due to a number of risks and uncertainties. More information about these risks and uncertainties is contained in our 2020 Annual Report. We undertake no duty to update or revise any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events, or otherwise.

COVID-19 PANDEMIC

The spread of COVID-19 has created a global public-health crisis that has adversely impacted the worldwide economy, temporarily decreased liquidity in fixed income markets, significantly increased unemployment levels, and disrupted global supply and demand chains. Although production agriculture fared better than expected during the second half of 2020, in part due to government ad-hoc support programs, uncertainties about the pace of economic recovery remain as the impact and duration of the pandemic is unknown.

The overall impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on U.S. agriculture will depend on the severity and duration of the outbreak, the continued response by federal, state and local governments, and levels of commodity prices, among many other factors. To date, the global pandemic has not resulted in a material adverse financial impact to our Consolidated Financial Statements. The extent to which the pandemic ultimately impacts our business, results of operations and financial condition, including regulatory capital and liquidity ratios and other regulatory requirements, will depend on future developments that are highly uncertain and cannot be predicted. Overall, agriculture will adjust, providing an essential service to the U.S. and global consumer.

Despite volatility and uncertainty in the market, we have weathered the significant initial challenges presented by the current operating environment and operations of our Association are fully functioning. Our business continuity response has allowed us to continue to serve our mission. Our remote work environment has allowed us to continue to maintain the health of our employees and operate without loss of key functions due to illness. We have not had any significant changes to internal controls over financial reporting due to working remotely or due to limited staff.

AGRICULTURAL AND ECONOMIC CONDITIONS

As we have observed while renewing operating loans for the 2021 crop year, the majority (over 80%) of our row crop customers had positive returns for the 2020 crop. Crop yields and quality were good. Markets were disrupted during 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic, but this has not had a material impact to our credit quality. Commodity prices during 2020 were weak relative to historical averages; however, prices have strengthened recently due to improved export markets. Currently, the 2021 outlook is good for crops grown in our area. We expect stable credit quality in the short term assuming current conditions remain in place. Land values in our area are stable.

LOAN PORTFOLIO

Loan Portfolio

Total loans were \$1.8 billion at March 31, 2021, an increase of \$34.4 million from December 31, 2020. The increase was primarily due to growth in the real estate mortgage portfolio.

The Paycheck Protection Program (PPP) is a guaranteed loan program administered by the U.S. Small Business Administration (SBA) created in response to the COVID-19 pandemic. We obtained approval from the SBA in 2020 to participate as a lender in the PPP. The PPP provides for payment deferral, and under limited circumstances, loan forgiveness. As of March 31, 2021, we had successfully processed \$2.9 million in PPP loans for customers. We are working with our customers gathering documentation and submitting applications for the forgiveness of the PPP loans and \$1.5 million has been forgiven as of March 31, 2021.

Portfolio Credit Quality

The credit quality of our portfolio remained stable from December 31, 2020. Adversely classified loans increased slightly to 2.4% of the portfolio at March 31, 2021, from 2.2% of the portfolio at December 31, 2020. Adversely classified loans are loans we have identified as showing some credit weakness outside our credit standards. We have considered portfolio credit quality in assessing the reasonableness of our allowance for loan losses.

In certain circumstances, government agency guarantee programs are used to reduce the risk of loss. At March 31, 2021, \$15.9 million of our loans were, to some level, guaranteed under these government programs.

Risk Assets

Components of Risk Assets

(dollars in thousands)	March 31, 2021	December 31, 2020
As of:		
Loans:		
Nonaccrual	\$ 10,894	\$ 10,423
Accruing restructured	--	--
Accruing loans 90 days or more past due	--	--
Total risk loans	10,894	10,423
Other property owned	85	--
Total risk assets	\$ 10,979	\$ 10,423
Total risk loans as a percentage of total loans	0.6%	0.6%
Nonaccrual loans as a percentage of total loans	0.6%	0.6%
Current nonaccrual loans as a percentage of total nonaccrual loans	42.0%	21.9%
Total delinquencies as a percentage of total loans	0.5%	0.6%

Note: Accruing loans include accrued interest receivable.

Our risk assets have not changed significantly from December 31, 2020, and have remained at acceptable levels. Total risk loans as a percentage of total loans were well within our established risk management guidelines.

Nonaccrual loans remained at an acceptable level at March 31, 2021, and December 31, 2020.

Allowance for Loan Losses

The allowance for loan losses is an estimate of losses on loans inherent in our portfolio as of the financial statement date. We determine the appropriate level of allowance for loan losses based on periodic evaluation of factors such as loan loss history, estimated probability of default, estimated loss severity, portfolio quality, and current economic and environmental conditions.

Allowance Coverage Ratios

As of:	March 31, 2021	December 31, 2020
Allowance as a percentage of:		
Loans	0.6%	0.6%
Nonaccrual loans	91.2%	104.8%
Total risk loans	91.2%	104.8%

In our opinion, the allowance for loan losses was reasonable in relation to the risk in our loan portfolio at March 31, 2021.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Profitability Information

(dollars in thousands)

For the three months ended March 31	2021	2020
Net income	\$ 9,404	\$ 7,846
Return on average assets	2.1%	2.1%
Return on average members' equity	10.5%	9.6%

Changes presented in the profitability information chart relate directly to:

- Changes in income discussed in this section
- Changes in assets discussed in the Loan Portfolio section
- Changes in capital discussed in the Funding, Liquidity, and Capital section

Changes in Significant Components of Net Income

(in thousands)	2021	2020	Increase (decrease) in net income
For the three months ended March 31			
Net interest income	\$ 11,341	\$ 10,097	\$ 1,244
Provision for credit losses	--	661	661
Non-interest income	3,115	2,980	135
Non-interest expense	4,871	4,304	(567)
Provision for income taxes	181	266	85
Net income	\$ 9,404	\$ 7,846	\$ 1,558

Net Interest Income

Changes in Net Interest Income

(in thousands)

For the three months ended March 31	2021 vs 2020
Changes in volume	\$ 1,703
Changes in interest rates	(484)
Changes in nonaccrual income and other	25
Net change	\$ 1,244

Provision for Credit Losses

The change in the provision for credit losses was related to our estimate of losses in our portfolio for the applicable years.

FUNDING, LIQUIDITY, AND CAPITAL

We borrow from AgriBank, under a note payable, in the form of a line of credit. Our note payable was scheduled to mature on August 31, 2022. However, it was renewed early in May 2021, with an effective date of June 1, 2021, for \$2.3 billion with a maturity date of May 31, 2024. We intend to renegotiate the note payable no later than the maturity date. The repricing attributes of our line of credit generally correspond to the repricing attributes of our loan portfolio, which significantly reduces our market interest rate risk. Due to the cooperative structure of the Farm Credit System and as we are a stockholder of AgriBank, we expect this borrowing relationship to continue into the foreseeable future. Our other source of lendable funds is from equity.

The components of cost of funds associated with our note payable include:

- A marginal cost of debt component
- A spread component, which includes cost of servicing, cost of liquidity, and bank profit
- A risk premium component, if applicable

We were not subject to a risk premium at March 31, 2021, or December 31, 2020.

Total members' equity increased \$8.0 million from December 31, 2020, primarily due to net income for the period partially offset by patronage distribution accruals.

The Farm Credit Administration (FCA) Regulations require us to maintain minimums for our common equity tier 1, tier 1 capital, total capital, and permanent capital risk-based capital ratios. In addition, the FCA requires us to maintain minimums for our non-risk-adjusted ratios of tier 1 leverage and unallocated retained earnings and equivalents leverage. Refer to Note 7 in our 2020 Annual Report for a more complete description of these ratios.

Regulatory Capital Requirements and Ratios

As of:	March 31, 2021	December 31, 2020	Regulatory Minimums	Capital Conservation Buffer	Total
Risk-adjusted:					
Common equity tier 1 ratio	16.7%	16.8%	4.5%	2.5%	7.0%
Tier 1 capital ratio	16.7%	16.8%	6.0%	2.5%	8.5%
Total capital ratio	17.2%	17.3%	8.0%	2.5%	10.5%
Permanent capital ratio	16.8%	16.9%	7.0%	N/A	7.0%
Non-risk-adjusted:					
Tier 1 leverage ratio	18.2%	18.1%	4.0%	1.0%	5.0%
Unallocated retained earnings and equivalents leverage ratio	19.1%	19.0%	1.5%	N/A	1.5%

Capital ratios are directly impacted by the changes in capital, as more fully explained in this section, the changes in assets, as discussed in the Loan Portfolio section, and off-balance sheet commitments, as disclosed in Note 11 in our 2020 Annual Report.

CERTIFICATION

The undersigned have reviewed the March 31, 2021, Quarterly Report of AgHeritage Farm Credit Services, ACA, which has been prepared under the oversight of the Audit Committee and in accordance with all applicable statutory or regulatory requirements. The information contained herein is true, accurate, and complete to the best of our knowledge and belief.



Dwain Morris
Chairperson of the Board
AgHeritage Farm Credit Services, ACA



Gregory W. Cole
President and Chief Executive Officer
AgHeritage Farm Credit Services, ACA



Kenneth L. Sumner
Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer
AgHeritage Farm Credit Services, ACA

May 10, 2021

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CONDITION

AgHeritage Farm Credit Services, ACA

(in thousands)

(Unaudited)

As of:	March 31, 2021	December 31, 2020
ASSETS		
Loans	\$ 1,773,453	\$ 1,739,013
Allowance for loan losses	9,940	10,919
Net loans	1,763,513	1,728,094
Investment in AgriBank, FCB	38,410	38,276
Investment securities	545	590
Accrued interest receivable	17,120	24,015
Deferred tax assets, net	444	498
Other assets	14,984	13,903
Total assets	\$ 1,835,016	\$ 1,805,376
LIABILITIES		
Note payable to AgriBank, FCB	\$ 1,461,315	\$ 1,433,565
Accrued interest payable	5,385	5,314
Patronage distribution payable	1,550	6,000
Other liabilities	5,123	6,824
Total liabilities	1,473,373	1,451,703
Contingencies and commitments (Note 4)		
MEMBERS' EQUITY		
Capital stock and participation certificates	3,171	3,093
Unallocated surplus	359,652	351,796
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(1,180)	(1,216)
Total members' equity	361,643	353,673
Total liabilities and members' equity	\$ 1,835,016	\$ 1,805,376

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these Consolidated Financial Statements.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

AgHeritage Farm Credit Services, ACA

(in thousands)

(Unaudited)

For the period ended March 31	Three Months Ended	
	2021	2020
Interest income	\$ 16,726	\$ 17,975
Interest expense	5,385	7,878
Net interest income	11,341	10,097
Provision for credit losses	--	661
Net interest income after provision for credit losses	11,341	9,436
Non-interest income		
Patronage income	2,134	1,687
Financially related services income	14	30
Fee income	964	929
Allocated Insurance Reserve Accounts distribution	--	305
Other non-interest income	3	29
Total non-interest income	3,115	2,980
Non-interest expense		
Salaries and employee benefits	2,816	2,427
Other operating expense	2,052	1,868
Other non-interest expense	3	9
Total non-interest expense	4,871	4,304
Income before income taxes	9,585	8,112
Provision for income taxes	181	266
Net income	\$ 9,404	\$ 7,846
Other comprehensive income		
Employee benefit plans activity	\$ 36	\$ 25
Total other comprehensive income	36	25
Comprehensive income	\$ 9,440	\$ 7,871

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these Consolidated Financial Statements.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN MEMBERS' EQUITY

AgHeritage Farm Credit Services, ACA

(in thousands)

(Unaudited)

	Protected Members' Equity	Capital Stock and Participation Certificates	Unallocated Surplus	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss	Total Members' Equity
Balance at December 31, 2019	\$ 1	\$ 2,943	\$ 321,852	\$ (825)	\$ 323,971
Net income	--	--	7,846	--	7,846
Other comprehensive income	--	--	--	25	25
Unallocated surplus designated for patronage distribution:	--	--	(1,303)	--	(1,303)
Capital stock and participation certificates issued	--	71	--	--	71
Capital stock and participation certificates retired	(1)	(65)	--	--	(66)
Balance at March 31, 2020	\$ --	\$ 2,949	\$ 328,395	\$ (800)	\$ 330,544
Balance at December 31, 2020	\$ --	\$ 3,093	\$ 351,796	\$ (1,216)	\$ 353,673
Net income	--	--	9,404	--	9,404
Other comprehensive income	--	--	--	36	36
Unallocated surplus designated for patronage distribution:	--	--	(1,548)	--	(1,548)
Capital stock and participation certificates issued	--	134	--	--	134
Capital stock and participation certificates retired	--	(56)	--	--	(56)
Balance at March 31, 2021	\$ --	\$ 3,171	\$ 359,652	\$ (1,180)	\$ 361,643

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these Consolidated Financial Statements.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 1: ORGANIZATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Consolidated Financial Statements contain all adjustments necessary for a fair presentation of the interim Consolidated Statements of Condition and Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income. Our accounting and reporting policies conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) and the prevailing practices within the financial services industry. This interim Quarterly Report is prepared based upon statutory and regulatory requirements and in accordance with GAAP. However, certain disclosures required by GAAP are omitted. The results of the three months ended March 31, 2021, are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for the year ending December 31, 2021. The interim financial statements and the related notes in this Quarterly Report should be read in conjunction with the Consolidated Financial Statements and related notes included in our Annual Report for the year ended December 31, 2020 (2020 Annual Report).

The Consolidated Financial Statements present the consolidated financial results of AgHeritage Farm Credit Services, ACA and its subsidiaries AgHeritage Farm Credit Services, FLCA and AgHeritage Farm Credit Services, PCA. All material intercompany transactions and balances have been eliminated in consolidation.

Significant Accounting Policies

Effective March 2021, a change in accounting policy was elected to use the fair value method for calculating the market related value of assets for the fixed-income pension assets. This change in accounting principle requires retrospective application. However, the financial statement impact was deemed immaterial to historical and current periods.

There have been no other changes in our accounting policies as disclosed in our 2020 Annual Report, except as described in the Recently Issued or Adopted Accounting Pronouncements.

Recently Issued or Adopted Accounting Pronouncements

We have assessed the potential impact of accounting standards that have been issued by the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) and have determined the following standards to be applicable to our business. While we are a nonpublic entity, our financial results are closely related to the performance of the combined Farm Credit System. Therefore, we typically adopt accounting pronouncements in alignment with other System institutions.

Standard and effective date	Description	Adoption status and financial statement impact
In March 2020, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update (ASU) 2020-04 "Reference Rate Reform, Topic 848." In January 2021, the FASB issued 2021-01 further amending Topic 848. This guidance may be elected and applied prospectively over time from March 12, 2020, through December 31, 2022, as reference rate reform activities occur.	The guidance provides optional expedients and exceptions for applying GAAP to contracts and other transactions affected by reference rate reform. The guidance simplifies the accounting evaluation of contract modifications that replace a reference rate affected by reference rate reform and contemporaneous modifications of other contract terms related to the replacement of the reference rate.	During March 2021, we adopted this standard. To date, the adoption of this standard has not had a material impact on our financial condition, results of operations, cash flows, and financial statement disclosures.
In June 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-13 "Financial Instruments - Credit Losses." The guidance was originally effective for non-U.S. Securities Exchange Commission filers for our first quarter of 2021. In November 2019, the FASB issued ASU 2019-10 which amended the mandatory effective date for this guidance for certain institutions. We have determined we qualify for the deferral of the mandatory effective date. As a result of the change, the standard is effective for our first quarter of 2023 and early adoption is permitted.	The guidance replaces the current incurred loss impairment methodology with a methodology that reflects expected credit losses and requires consideration of a broader range of reasonable and supportable information to determine credit loss estimates. Credit losses relating to available-for-sale securities would also be recorded through an allowance for credit losses.	We expect to adopt the standard as of January 1, 2023. We are currently assessing the impact this guidance will have on our financial statements upon adoption, which will be impacted by the composition of our portfolio and asset quality at the adoption date, as well as economic conditions and forecasts at the time of adoption. We have reviewed the accounting standard, selected and substantially completed development and testing of our system, and are in the process of drafting disclosures. Significant implementation matters yet to be addressed include drafting of accounting policies and designing processes and controls. We are currently unable to estimate the impact on our financial statements.

NOTE 2: LOANS AND ALLOWANCE FOR LOAN LOSSES**Loans by Type**

(dollars in thousands)

As of:	March 31, 2021		December 31, 2020	
	Amount	%	Amount	%
Real estate mortgage	\$ 971,409	54.8%	\$ 936,709	53.9%
Production and intermediate-term	425,976	24.0%	440,329	25.3%
Agribusiness	294,205	16.6%	295,371	17.0%
Other	81,863	4.6%	66,604	3.8%
Total	\$ 1,773,453	100.0%	\$ 1,739,013	100.0%

The other category is primarily composed of rural infrastructure and rural residential real estate loans.

Delinquency**Aging Analysis of Loans**

(in thousands) As of March 31, 2021	30-89 Days Past Due	90 Days or More Past Due	Total Past Due	Not Past Due or Less than 30 Days Past Due	Total
	Real estate mortgage	\$ 1,245	\$ 5,920	\$ 7,165	\$ 975,526
Production and intermediate-term	992	146	1,138	429,461	430,599
Agribusiness	--	--	--	295,299	295,299
Other	227	--	227	81,737	81,964
Total	\$ 2,464	\$ 6,066	\$ 8,530	\$ 1,782,023	\$ 1,790,553

As of December 31, 2020	30-89 Days Past Due	90 Days or More Past Due	Total Past Due	Not Past Due or Less than 30 Days Past Due	Total
	Real estate mortgage	\$ 884	\$ 6,585	\$ 7,469	\$ 943,093
Production and intermediate-term	1,155	796	1,951	446,925	448,876
Agribusiness	931	--	931	295,967	296,898
Other	331	29	360	66,312	66,672
Total	\$ 3,301	\$ 7,410	\$ 10,711	\$ 1,752,297	\$ 1,763,008

Note: Accruing loans include accrued interest receivable.

There were no loans 90 days or more past due and still accruing interest at March 31, 2021, or December 31, 2020.

Risk Loans

Risk loans are loans for which it is probable that all principal and interest will not be collected according to the contractual terms.

Risk Loan Information

(in thousands) As of:	March 31, 2021	December 31, 2020
Volume with specific allowance	\$ 204	\$ 1,880
Volume without specific allowance	10,690	8,543
Total risk loans	\$ 10,894	\$ 10,423
Total specific allowance	\$ 93	\$ 641
For the three months ended March 31	2021	2020
Income on accrual risk loans	\$ 1	\$ --
Income on nonaccrual loans	85	60
Total income on risk loans	\$ 86	\$ 60
Average risk loans	\$ 10,703	\$ 9,614

Note: Accruing loans include accrued interest receivable.

We had no material commitments to lend additional money to borrowers whose loans were classified as risk loans at March 31, 2021.

Troubled Debt Restructurings (TDRs)

In situations where, for economic or legal reasons related to the borrower's financial difficulties, we grant a concession for other than an insignificant period of time to the borrower that we would not otherwise consider, the related loan is classified as a TDR, also known as a formally restructured loan for regulatory purposes. A concession is generally granted in order to minimize economic loss and avoid foreclosure. Concessions vary by program and borrower and may include interest rate reductions, term extensions, payment deferrals, or an acceptance of additional collateral in lieu of payments. In limited circumstances, principal may be forgiven. Loans classified as TDRs are considered risk loans. All risk loans are analyzed within our allowance for loan losses. We record a specific allowance to reduce the carrying amount of the restructured loan to the lower of book value or net realizable value of collateral. There may be modifications made related to the COVID-19 pandemic or in the normal course of business that would not be considered TDRs.

There were no TDRs that occurred during the three months ended March 31, 2021, or 2020. In addition, there were no TDRs that defaulted during the three months ended March 31, 2021, or 2020 in which the modification was within twelve months of the respective reporting period.

TDRs outstanding in the other loan category totaled \$399 thousand and \$411 thousand, all of which were in nonaccrual status at March 31, 2021, and December 31, 2020, respectively.

There were no material commitments to lend to borrowers whose loans have been modified in a TDR at March 31, 2021.

Allowance for Loan Losses

Changes in Allowance for Loan Losses

(in thousands)		
Three months ended March 31	2021	2020
Balance at beginning of period	\$ 10,919	\$ 7,693
Provision for loan losses	--	636
Loan recoveries	4	4
Loan charge-offs	(983)	(511)
Balance at end of period	\$ 9,940	\$ 7,822

The "Provision for credit losses" in the Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income includes a provision for loan losses as presented in the previous chart, as well as a provision for credit losses on unfunded commitments. The accrued credit losses on unfunded commitments are recorded in "Other liabilities" in the Consolidated Statements of Condition. Typically, accrued credit losses are relieved and replaced with an allowance for loan loss as the related commitments are funded.

Credit Loss Information on Unfunded Commitments

(in thousands)		
For the three months ended March 31	2021	2020
Provision for credit losses	\$ --	\$ 25
	March 31,	December 31,
As of:	2021	2020
Accrued credit losses	\$ 135	\$ 135

NOTE 3: INVESTMENT SECURITIES

We held investment securities of \$545 thousand at March 31, 2021, and \$590 thousand at December 31, 2020. Our investment securities consisted of securities containing loans guaranteed by the Small Business Administration (SBA). All of our investment securities were fully guaranteed by the SBA at March 31, 2021, and December 31, 2020.

The investment securities have been classified as held-to-maturity. The investment portfolio is evaluated for other-than-temporary impairment. No investments within the portfolio were impaired at March 31, 2021, or December 31, 2020.

Additional Investment Securities Information

(dollars in thousands)		
As of:	March 31, 2021	December 31, 2020
Amortized cost	\$ 545	\$ 590
Unrealized gains	11	13
Fair value	\$ 556	\$ 603
Weighted average yield	3.9%	4.2%

Investment income is recorded in "Interest income" in the Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income and totaled \$5 thousand and \$8 thousand for the three months ended March 31, 2021, and 2020, respectively.

NOTE 4: CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

In the normal course of business, we have various contingent liabilities and commitments outstanding, primarily commitments to extend credit, which may not be reflected in the Consolidated Financial Statements. We do not anticipate any material losses because of these contingencies or commitments.

We may be named as a defendant in certain lawsuits or legal actions in the normal course of business. At the date of these Consolidated Financial Statements, our management team was not aware of any material actions. However, management cannot ensure that such actions or other contingencies will not arise in the future.

NOTE 5: FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date in the principal or most advantageous market for the asset or liability. Accounting guidance also establishes a fair value hierarchy, with three input levels that may be used to measure fair value. Refer to Note 2 in our 2020 Annual Report for a more complete description of the three input levels.

We did not have any material assets or liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis at March 31, 2021, or December 31, 2020.

Non-Recurring Basis

We may be required, from time to time, to measure certain assets at fair value on a non-recurring basis.

Assets Measured at Fair Value on a Non-Recurring Basis				
(in thousands)				
As of March 31, 2021	Fair Value Measurement Using			Total Fair Value
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	
Impaired loans	\$ --	\$ --	\$ 117	\$ 117
Other property owned	--	--	88	88
As of December 31, 2020				
	Fair Value Measurement Using			Total Fair Value
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	
Impaired loans	\$ --	\$ --	\$ 1,301	\$ 1,301
Other property owned	--	--	--	--

Valuation Techniques

Impaired Loans: Represents the carrying amount of loans which were evaluated for individual impairment based on the appraised value of the underlying collateral. When the value of the collateral, less estimated costs to sell, is less than the principal balance of the loan, a specific reserve is established. Costs to sell represent transaction costs and are not included as a component of the asset's fair value. If the process uses observable market-based information, they are classified as Level 2. If the process requires significant input based on management's knowledge of and judgment about current market conditions, specific issues relating to the collateral and other matters, they are classified as Level 3.

Other Property Owned: Represents the fair value of foreclosed assets measured based on the collateral value, which is generally determined using appraisals, or other indications based on sales of similar properties. Costs to sell represent transaction costs and are not included as a component of the asset's fair value. If the process uses observable market-based information, they are classified as Level 2. If the process requires significant input based on management's knowledge of and judgment about current market conditions, specific issues relating to the property and other matters, they are classified as Level 3.

NOTE 6: SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

We have evaluated subsequent events through May 10, 2021, which is the date the Consolidated Financial Statements were available to be issued. There have been no material subsequent events that would require recognition in our Quarterly Report or disclosure in the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.